Vitamin C Clock Reaction Initial Rates: Teacher Guide

Preparing Reagents:

Material	Instructions to make 1 L of each solution
$0.25 \text{ M H}_2\text{O}_2$	Start with 3 $\%$ H ₂ O ₂ (can be purchased at a drugstore). This solution
	is approximately 1 M. Dilute by 4 (e.g. mix 250 ml of this solution
	and 750 ml of deionized water) to achieve the desired concentration.
0.25 M NaI	Sodium iodide has a molecular mass of 149.89 g/mol. To prepare a
	0.25 M NaI solution, dissolve 37.5 g in 1 L of deionized water.
0.05 M Vitamin C	Vitamin C, also known as L-ascorbic acid, has a molecular mass of
	176.12 g/mol. To prepare a 0.05 M vitamin C solution, dissolve 8.8 g
	in 1 L of deionized water.
1 M acetic acid with	Acetic acid (glacial) has a molar mass of 60.05 g/mol and a density of
starch	1.05 g/cm^3 . To make the desired solution, combine 57 ml of acetic
	acid with 143 ml of spray starch (can be bought in a can from a
	drugstore) and 800 ml of water.

Of these solutions, you will need the following amount per set of experiments:

- $25.5 \text{ ml of } 0.25 \text{ M H}_2\text{O}_2$
- 25.5 ml of 0.25 M NaI
- 5.5 ml of 0.05 M Vitamin C
- 5.5 ml of 1 M acetic acid with starch

Other materials (per set of experiments):

- deionized water (15 ml)
- 2.1 ml syringes
- 3 5 ml syringes
- 11 large test tubes or vials (each tube or vial should have a volume of at least 15 ml for adequate mixing)
- a stopwatch

References

- 1. Wright, Stephen W. J. Chem. Ed. 2002, 79(1), 41-43.
- 2. Vitz, E. J. Chem. Ed. 2007, 84(7), 1156-1157.